# Programme Structure B.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) S.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) Sem IV

Sub	Subject Name	Teach	ing Schem	e(Hrs.)		Credits As	ssigned	
Code		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETS401	* Applied Mathematics IV	04	I	01	04	1	01	05
ETC402	Analog Electronics II	04			04			04
ETC403	Microprocessors and Peripherals	04	I		04	1		04
ETC404	Wave Theory and Propagation	04	1		04	1	-	04
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	03	-	01	03	ı	01	04
ETC406	Control Systems	04			04		-	04
ETL401	Analog Electronics II Laboratory		02			01		01
ETL402	Microprocessors and Peripherals Laboratory		02			01		01
ETL403	Software Simulation Laboratory		02			01		01
Total		23	06	02	23	03	02	28

Subject	Subject Name			Exan	nination	Schem	е		
Code	•		Th	eory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Int	ernal a	ssessment	End	Work	and Oral		
		Test	Test	Avg. Of Test	Sem.				
		1	2	1 and Test 2	Exam				
ETS401	*Applied Mathematics IV	20	20	20	80	25			125
ETC402	Analog Electronics II	20	20	20	80				100
ETC403	Microprocessors and Peripherals	20	20	20	80				100
ETC404	Wave Theory and Propagation	20	20	20	80				100
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	20	20	20	80	25			125
ETC406	Control Systems	20	20	20	80				100
ETL401	Analog Electronics II Laboratory					25	25		50
ETL402	Microprocessors and Peripherals Laboratory					25	25		50
ETL403	Software Simulation Laboratory		-			25	25		50
Total				120	480	125	75		800

<sup>\*</sup> Indicate common subject for Electronics, Electronics & Telecommunication, Instrumentation, Biomedical and Electrical Engineering

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teach	ning Schem	e(Hrs)	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETS 401	Applied Mathematics IV	04	I	01	04	1	01	05	

Subject	Subject Name		Examination Scheme							
Code			7	Theory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Inte	Internal assessment							
		Test								
		1	2	Test 1 and						
				Test 2						
ETS 401	Applied Mathematics IV	20	20	20	80	25			125	

FE C 101 : Applied Mathematics I FE C 201 : Applied Mathematics II SE S 301 : Applied Mathematics III

# Course objectives:

This course will present the method of calculus of variations (CoV), basic concepts of vector spaces, matrix theory, concept of ROC and residue theory with applications.

- To provide students with a sound foundation in mathematics and prepare them for graduate studies in Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering
- To provide students with mathematics fundamental necessary to formulate, solve and analyze engineering problems.
- To provide opportunity for students to work as part of teams on multi disciplinary projects.

## **Expected outcomes:**

- Students will able to apply method of calculus of variations to specific systems, demonstrate ability to manipulate matrices and compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Identify and classify zeros, singular points, residues and their applications.
- Students will demonstrate an ability to identify formulate and solve Telecommunication Engineering problem using applied mathematics.
- Students who can participate and succeed in competitive exams like GATE, GRE.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1. 0	140.	Calculus of variation	10
	1.1	Euler Langrange equation, solution of Euler's Langrange equation (only results for different cases for function) independent of a variable, independent of another variable, independent of differentiation of a variable and independent of both variables	
	1.2	Isoperimetric problems, several dependent variables	
	1.3	Functions involving higher order derivatives: Rayleigh-Ritz method	
2.0		Linear algebra: vector spaces	12
	2.1	<b>Vectors in n-dimensional vector space</b> : Properties, dot product, cross product, norm and distance properties in n-dimensional vector space.	
	2.2	Metric spaces, vector spaces over real field, properties of vector spaces over real field, subspaces.	
	2.3	Norms and normed vector spaces	
	2.4	Inner products and inner product spaces	
	2.5	The Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, orthogonal Subspaces, Gram-Schmidt process	
3.0		Linear Algebra: Matrix Theory	15
	3.1	Characteristic equation, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors	
	3.2	Cayley-Hamilton theorem, examples based on verification of Cayley-Hamilton theorem	
	3.3	Similarity of matrices, Diagonalisation of matrix	
	3.4	Functions of square matrix, derogatory and non-derogatory matrices	
	3.5	Quadratic forms over real field, reduction of quadratic form to a diagonal canonical form, rank, index, signature of quadratic form, Sylvester's law of inertia, value-class of a quadratic form of definite, semi-definite and indefinite  Singular Value Decomposition	
4.0	0.0	Complex variables: Integration	15
0	4.1	Complex Integration: Line Integral, Cauchy's Integral theorem for simply connected regions, Cauchy's Integral formula	
	4.2	Taylor's and Laurent's series	
	4.3	Zeros, singularities, poles of f(z), residues, Cauchy's Residue theorem	
	4.4	Applications of Residue theorem to evaluate real Integrals of different types	
		Total	52

#### Text books:

- 1) A Text Book of Applied Mathematics Vol. I & II by P.N.Wartilar & J.N.Wartikar, Pune, Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan., Pune
- 2) Mathematical Methods in science and Engineering, A Datta (2012)
- 3) Higher Engg. Mathematics by Dr. B.S. Grewal, Khanna Publication

## Reference Books:

- 1) Todd K.Moon and Wynn C. Stirling, Mathematical Methods and algorithms for Signal Processing, Pearson Education.
- 2) Kreyszig E., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley, 2006.
- 3) Linear Algebra- Hoffman & Kunze (Indian editions) 2002
- 4) Linear Algebra- Anton & Torres (2012) 9<sup>th</sup> Indian Edition.
- 5) Complex Analysis Schaum Series.

## Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

#### End Semester Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

## Term Work/Tutorial:

At least 08 assignments covering entire syllabus must be given during the **Class Wise Tutorial**. The assignments should be students' centric and an attempt should be made to make assignments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every assignment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per **Credit and Grading System** manual and should be added and averaged. Based on above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs.)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory Practical Tutorial			Theory	TW	Tutorial	Total
ETC 402	Analog Electronics II	4			4			04

Subject	Subject		ne						
Code	Name		Th	eory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Inte	Internal assessment			Work	and Oral		
		Test	est Test Avg. Of Test Sen		Sem.				
		1	2	1 and Test 2	Exam				
ETC 402	Analog	20	20	20	80	-	-		100
	Electronics								
	H								

ETC: 302 - Analog Electronics I

# **Course Objective:**

- To deliver the core concepts and reinforce the analytical skills learned in Analog Electronics I
- To motivate students to use MOS devices for designing and analyzing electronic Circuits which will help them to understand the fundamentals of VLSI design.

# **Expected Outcomes:**

After completion of the course students will be able to

- Analyze and design multistage electronic Circuits.
- Differentiate between discrete and integrated biasing techniques.
- Differentiate between small signal and large signal Amplifiers.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Frequency Response of Amplifiers	14
	1.1	<b>High Frequency Model:</b> High frequency hybrid-pi equivalent Circuits of BJT and MOSFET, Miller effect and Miller capacitance, gain bandwidth product	
	1.1	<b>Single Stage Amplifiers :</b> Effect of capacitors (coupling, bypass, load) on frequency response of single stage BJT (CE, CC,CB configurations), MOSFET (CS,CG, CD configuration) amplifiers, low and high frequency response of BJT (CE, CB, CC) and MOSFET (CS, CG,CD) amplifiers	
	1.2	<b>Multistage Amplifier:</b> Low and high frequency response and mid – frequency analysis of multistage (CE-CE, CS-CS), cascode (CE-CB, CS-CG) Amplifiers, Darlington pair, design of two stage amplifiers	
2.0		Differential Amplifiers	10
	2.1	<b>BJT Differential Amplifiers:</b> Terminology and qualitative description, DC transfer characteristics, small signal analysis, differential and common mode gain, CMRR, differential and common mode input impedance	
	2.2	<b>MOSFET Differential Amplifiers:</b> DC transfer characteristics, small signal analysis, differential and common mode gain, CMRR, differential and common mode input impedance	
3.0		Integrated Circuits Biasing Techniques	08
	3.1	<b>Current Mirror:</b> Two transistor (BJT, MOSFET) current source, current relationship, output resistance.	
	3.2	Improved Current Source: Three transistor (BJT,MOSFET) current source	
	3.3	<b>Special Current Source:</b> Cascode (BJT, MOSFET) current source, Wilson and Widlar current sources	
4.0		Power Amplifiers	8
	4.1	Power Devices: Power BJTs, power MOSFETs, heat sinks	
	4.2	Classification: Class A, Class B, Class AB and Class C operation, and performance parameters	
	4.3	<b>Transformer and Transfomerless Amplifiers</b> : Transformer coupled Class A Amplifier, Class AB output stage with diode biasing, V <sub>BE</sub> multiplier biasing, input buffer transistors, Darlington configuration	
5.0		Fundamentals of Operational Amplifier	08
	5.1	Fundamentals of Op-amp: characteristics of op-amp, high frequency effects on op-amp gain and phase, slew rate limitation,	
	5.2	Applications of Op-amps: Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, adder, abstractor, integrator, differentiator, active filters (first order low and high pass)	
6.0		DC Regulated Power Supply	04
	6.1	Series and Shunt Regulator: Regulator performance parameters, Zener shunt regulator, transistorized series and shunt regulator	
		Total	52

#### Text Books:

- 1. Donald A. Neamen, Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design, Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- 2. Adel S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith and Arun N Chandorkar, Microelectronic Circuits Theory and Applications, Fifth Edition, International Version, OXFORD International Students Sixth Edition

## Recommended Books:

- 1. S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup>
- 2. Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, and Satyabratatajit, "Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGrawHill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 3. Muhammad H. Rashid, "Microelectronics Circuits Analysis and Design", Cengage Learning, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- 4. Jacob Milliman and Arvin Grabel, "Microelectronics" Tata McGrawHill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- 5. Anil K. Maini and Varsha Agrawal, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Wiley Publications

# Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs.)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETC 403	Microprocessors and Peripherals	4	1		4	1		04

Subject	Subject	Examination Scheme									
Code	Name		-	Theory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Int	ernal as	ssessment	Work	and					
		Test	Test	Avg. Of Test		Oral					
		1	2	1 and Test 2							
ETC403	Microproces sor and Peripherals	20	20	20	80	-	-	-	100		

ETC 303: Digital Electronics

# Course objectives:

- To develop background knowledge and core expertise in microprocessor.
- To study the concepts and basic architecture of 8085, 8086, 80286, 80386, 80486 Pentium processor and Co-processor 8087.
- To know the importance of different peripheral devices and their interfacing to 8086.
- To know the design aspects of basic microprocessor.
- To write assembly language programs in microprocessor for various applications.

## Course outcomes:

# Students will learn

- The architecture and software aspects of microprocessor 8086
- Assembly language program in 8086 for various applications.
- Co-processor configurations.
- Various interfacing techniques with 8086 for various applications.
- Basic concepts of advanced microprocessors.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Architecture of 8085 and 8086 Microprocessor	08
	1.1	8085 Architecture and pin configuration.	
	1.2	8086 Architecture and organization, pin configuration.	
	1.3	Minimum and Maximum modes of 8086.	
	1.4	Read and Write bus cycle of 8086.	
2.0		Instruction set and programming of 8086	10
	2.1	8086 Addressing modes.	
	2.2	8086 Instruction encoding formats and instruction set.	
	2.3	Assembler directives.	
	2.4	8086 programming and debugging of assembly language program.	
3.0		Peripherals interfacing with 8086 and applications.	10
	3.1	8086-Interrupt structure.	
	3.2	Programmable interrupt controller 8259A.	
	3.3	Programmable peripheral Interface 8255.	
	3.4	Programmable interval Timer 8254.	
	3.5	DMA controller 8257	
	3.6	Interfacing 8259A, 8255, 8254, 8257 with 8086 and their	
		applications	
4.0		ADC, DAC interfacing with 8086 and its application	08
	4.1	Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) 0809	
	4.2	Digital to Analog Convertor (DAC) 0808	
	4.3	Interfacing ADC 0809, DAC 0808 with 8086 and their	
		applications.	
	4.4	8086 based data Acquisition system.	
5.0		8086 Microprocessor interfacing	10
	5.1	8087 Math coprocessor, its data types and interfacing with	
		8086.	
	5.2	Memory interfacing with 8086 microprocessor	
6.0		Advanced Microprocessors	06
	6.1	Basic architectures of 80286, 80386, 80486 and Pentium processor.	
		Total	52

#### Text Books:

- 1. Gaonkar R.S.: "Microprocessor Architecture Programming and Applications with the 8085" Penram International Pub, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 2. John Uffenbeck: "8086/8088 family: "Design, Programming and Interfacing", Prentice Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition
- 3. B. B. Brey: "The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium and Pentium Pro Processor", Pearson Pub. 8<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Hall D.V: "Microprocessor and Interfacing Programming and Hardware", Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 2. A. K. Ray and K. M. Burchandi: "Advanced Microprocessor and Peripherals, Architecture Programming and Interfacing", Tata McGrawHill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 3. Don Anderson, Tom Shanley: "Pentium Processor System Architecture", MindShare Inc., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- 4. National Semiconductor: Data Acquisition Linear Devices Data Book
- 5. Intel Peripheral Devices: Data Book.

# Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teach	ing Schem	e (Hrs)	Credits Assigned			
		Theory Practical Tutorial			Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETC 404	Wave Theory and Propagation	4			4		-	04

Subject	Subject		Examination Scheme							
Code	Name		Т	heory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Inte	ernal as	sessment	End Sem.	Work				
		Test	1							
		1	1 2 Test 1 and							
				Test 2						
ETC 404	Wave Theory	20	20	20	80		-	-	100	
	and									
	Propagation									

Vector Algebra, Vector Integral

# **Course Objective:**

- To understand basic laws of electrostatics and magnetostatics in vector form.
- To understand the propagation of wave in different media like dielectric and conducting media by solving wave equation and find parameters of media.
- To calculate energy transported by means of electromagnetic waves from one point to another and to study polarization of waves.
- To solve electromagnetic problems using different numerical methods.
- To extend the students' understanding about the propagation of the waves by different types such as ground waves and space waves.
- To study the factors affecting the wave during its propagation.
- To understand sky wave propagation; related parameters such as MUF, skip distance and critical frequency.

# **Expected Outcomes:**

- Ability to find nature of electric or magnetic field produced due to different charge distributions.
- Ability to understand working of different equipments based on electromagnetic used in day to day life.
- Knowledge of behavior of EM waves and travelling of waves in free space as well as media.
- Able to find conditions for loss of signal.
- Able to apply numerical methods for designing antennas.
- An ability to select proper parameters for propagation of the waves by considering the factors affecting.
- Any ability to identify and solve problems related to the propagation of waves.
- To understand the basics of wave propagation required for the study of antennas.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Basic Laws of electromagnetic & Maxwell's equations	13
	1.1	Fundamental laws of electromagnetic fields: Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, Bio-Savart's law, Ampere's law, Poisson's and Laplace equations	
	1.2	Boundary conditions: Static electric and magnetic fields	
	1.3	<b>Maxwell's equations:</b> Integral and differential form for static and time varying fields and its interpretations	
	1.4	<b>Applications of electromagnetic fields:</b> Ink-jet printer, CRO, electromagnetic pump	
2.0		Uniform plane wave equation and power balance	08
	2.1	Wave equation: Derivation and its solution in Cartesian co-ordinates	
	2.2	Solution of wave equations: Partially conducting media, perfect dielectrics and good conductors, concept of skin dept	
	2.3	<b>Electromagnetic Power:</b> Poynting Vector and Power Flow in free space and in dielectric, conducting media	
3.0		Plane Wave Propagation	06
	3.1	Polarization of wave; Elliptical. Linear and Circular	
	3.2	<b>Propagation in different mediums:</b> Behavior of waves for normal and oblique incidence in dielectrics and conducting media, propagation in dispersive media	
4.0		Computational Electromagnetics	08
	4.1	Finite Difference Method (FDM):Neumann type and mixed boundary conditions, Iterative solution of finite difference equations, solutions using band matrix method	
	4.2	<b>Finite Element Method (FEM)</b> : Triangular mesh configuration, Finite element discretization, Element governing equations, Assembling all equations and solving resulting equations	
	4.3	Method of Moment (MOM):Field calculations of conducting wire, parallel conducting wires and complicated geometries	
5.0		Radio Wave Propagation	10
	5.1	<b>Types of wave propagation:</b> Ground, space and surface wave propagation, tilt and surface waves, impact of imperfect earth and earth's behavior at different frequencies	
	5.2	<b>Space wave propagation:</b> Effect of imperfection of earth, curvature of earth, effect of interference zone, shadowing effect of hills and building, atmospheric absorption, Super-refraction, scattering phenomena, troposphere propagation and fading	
6.0		Sky Wave Propagation	07
	6.1	Reflection and Refraction of waves: Ionosphere and Earth magnetic field effect	
	6.2	<b>Measures of Ionosphere Propagation:</b> Critical frequency, Angle of incidence, Maximum unstable frequency, Skip distance, Virtual height, Variations in ionosphere and Attenuation and fading of waves in ionosphere	
		Total	52

#### Text Books:

- 1. J.A. Administer, "Electromagnetic", McGraw Hill Companies, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006
- 2. Bhag Guru and Huseyin Hiziroglu, "Electromagnetic field theory fundamentals", Cambridge University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 3. J.D. Kraus, R.J. Marhefka, A.S. Khan "Antennas & Wave Propagation", McGraw Hill Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011

## **Reference Books**

- 1. R.K. Shevgaonkar, Electromagnetic Waves, TATA McGraw Hill Companies, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2009
- 2. R.L. Yadava, Antenna & Wave Propagation, PHI Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011
- 3. Edward C. Jordan, Keth G. Balmin, Electromagnetic Waves & Radiating Systems, Pearson Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006
- 4. Matthew N.D. SADIKU, Principles of Electromagnetics, Oxford International Student 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007
- 5. W.H. Hayt, J.A. Buck, Engineering Electromagnetics, McGraw Hill Publications, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.

## Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Scho (Hrs.)	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	04		01	04		01	05	

Subject	Subject		Examination Scheme								
Code	Name			Theory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Int	ernal a	ssessment	End Sem.	Work	And Oral				
		Test	Test	Avg. Of Test	Exam						
		1	2	1 and Test 2							
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	20	20	20	80	25			125		

ETS: 301 - Applied Mathematics III

ETC: 304 - Circuits and Transmission Lines

# **Course objectives:**

- To introduce students to the idea of signal and system analysis and characterization in time and frequency domain.
- To provide foundation of signal and system concepts to areas like communication, control and comprehend applications of signal processing in communication systems.

## Course outcomes:

- Students will be able to understand significance of signals and systems in the time and frequency domains
- Students will be able to interpret and analyze signal and report results.
- Students will be able to evaluate the time and frequency response of continuous and discrete time, system which is useful in understanding behavior of Electronics circuits and communication systems.

"

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Overview of signals and systems	06
	1.1	<b>Introduction:</b> Signals, systems, examples of systems for controls and communication, sampling theorem, sampling of continuous time signals, elementary signals, exponential, sine, step, impulse, ramp, rectangular, triangular and operations on signals	
	1.2	Classification of signals: Continuous and discrete time, deterministic and non deterministic, periodic and aperiodic, symmetric (even) and asymmetric (odd), energy and power, causal and anti-causal signals.	
2.0		Time domain analysis of Continuous Time and Discrete Time systems	12
	2.1	Classification of systems: Static and dynamic, time variant and time invariant, linear and nonlinear, causal and noncausal, stable and unstable systems.	
	2.2	Linear Time Invariant (LTI) systems: Representation of systems using differential /difference equation, Impulse, step and exponential response, system stability, examples on applications of LTI systems, convolution, impulse response of interconnected systems, auto-correlation, cross correlation, properties of correlation, analogy between correlation and convolution, total response of a system	
3.0		Laplace Transform	06
3.0	3.1	<b>Overview of Laplace Transform:</b> Laplace Transform and properties, relation between continuous time Fourier Transform and Laplace Transform, unilateral Laplace Transform.	
	3.2	Analysis of continuous time LTI systems using Laplace Transform: Transfer Function, causality and stability of systems, solution of differential equation using Laplace Transform.	
4.0		z – Transform	80
	4.1	z-Transform of finite and infinite duration sequences, relation between discrete time Fourier Transform and z-Transform, properties, Inverse z-Transform, one sided z-Transform.	
	4.2	<b>Analysis of discrete time LTI systems using z-Transform</b> : Transfer Function, causality and stability of systems, frequency response, relation between Laplace Transform and <i>z</i> –Transform.	
5.0		Fourier series of continuous and discrete time signals	10
	5.1	<b>Review of Fourier series:</b> trigonometric and exponential Fourier series representation of signals, magnitude and phase spectra, power spectral density and bandwidth. Gibbs phenomenon.	
	5.2	<b>Properties of Fourier Series:</b> Linearity, time shifting, time reversal, frequency shifting, time scaling, differentiation, symmetry. Parsevel's relation. Examples based on properties, analogy between Continuous Time Fourier Series (CTFS) and Discrete Time Fourier Series (DTFS).	
6.0		Continuous Time Fourier Transform (CTFT) and Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT)	10
	6.1	<b>Fourier Transform:</b> Fourier Transform and Inverse Fourier Transform on periodic and non-periodic signals, limitations of Fourier Transform and need for Laplace and <i>z</i> -Transform	
	6.2	<b>Properties of Fourier Transform:</b> Linearity, time shifting, time reversal, frequency shifting, time and frequency scaling, modulation, convolution in time domain, differentiation in time domain, differentiation in frequency domain, symmetry. Parsevel's relation. Energy, power spectral density and bandwidth. Definition and problems on DTFT	
		Total	52

## **Text books**

- 1. Nagoor Kani, Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2011.
- 2. B.P. Lathi, Principles of Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford, Second Edition, 2010.
- 3. Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, Signals and Sytems, John Wiley and Sons, Second Edition, 2004.

## Reference books

- 1) Hwei. P Hsu, Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, Third edition, 2010
- 2) V. Krishnaveni and A.Rajeshwari, Signals and Systems, Wiley-India, First Edition 2012.
- 3) Narayana Iyer, Signals and Systems, Cenage Learning, First Edition 2011.
- 4) Michael J Roberts, Fundamentals of Signals and systems, Tata McGraw Hill, special Indian Economy edition, 2009.
- 5) Rodger E Ziemer, William H. Tranter and D. Ronald Fannin, Signals and Systems, Pearson Education, Fourth Edition 2009.
- 6) Alan V. Oppenhiem, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, Signals and Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, Second Edition, 2002.

# Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered as final IA marks

#### **End Semester Examination:**

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

## Term Work:

At least 08 assignments covering entire syllabus must be given during the "Class Wise Tutorial". The assignments should be students' centric and an attempt should be made to make assignments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every assignment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per "Credit and Grading System" manual and should be added and averaged. Based on above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	eaching Scheme Credits Assigned Hrs.						
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorial T				
ETC 405	Control Systems	04	-		04			04	

Subject	Subject		Examination Scheme								
Code	Name			Theory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Inte	ernal as	ssessment	End Sem.	Work	And Oral				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Exam						
ETC 405	Control Systems	20	20	20	80				100		

Dynamics; Differential Educations; Laplace Transforms.

# Course objectives:

Objectives of this course are:

- To teach the fundamental concepts of Control systems and mathematical modeling of the system.
- To study the concept of time response and frequency response of the system.
- To teach the basics of stability analysis of the system

## **Course outcomes:**

The outcomes of this course are:

- Students will be able to derive the mathematical model of different type of the systems.
- Students will understand the basic concepts of control system.
- Students will understand the analysis of systems in time and frequency domain.
- Students will be able to apply the control theory to design the conventional controllers widely used in the industries.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Introduction to Control System Analysis	80
	1.1	Introduction: Open loop and closed loop systems, feedback and feed	
		forward control structure, examples of control systems.	
	1.2	<b>Modeling:</b> Types of models, impulse response model, state variable model,	
		transfer function model	
	1.3	<b>Dynamic Response:</b> Standard test signals, transient and steady state	
		behavior of first and second order systems, steady state errors in feedback	
		control systems and their types	
2.0		Mathematical Modeling of Systems	80
	2.1	Transfer Function models of various systems: Models of mechanical	
		systems, models of electrical systems, block diagram reduction, signal flow	
		graph, and the Mason's gain rule	
3.0		State Variable Models	12
	3.1	State Variable Models of Various Systems: State variable models of	
		mechanical systems, state variable models of electrical systems	
	3.2	State Transition Equation: Concept of state transition matrix, properties of	
		state transition matrix, solution of homogeneous systems, solution of non-	
	2.2	homogeneous systems	
	3.3	Controllability and Observability: Concept of controllability, controllability	
		analysis of LTI systems, concept of observability, observability analysis of	
4.0		LTI systems Stability Analysis In Time Domain	08
4.0	4.1	Concepts of Stability: Concept of absolute, relative and robust stability,	00
	4.1	routh stability criterion	
	4.2	Root Locus Analysis: Root-locus concepts, general rules for constructing	
	7.2	root-locus, root-locus analysis of control systems, design of lag and lead	
		compensators	
5.0		Stability Analysis In Frequency Domain	08
0.0	5.1	Introduction: Frequency domain specifications, response peak and peak	
		resonating frequency, relationship between time and frequency domain	
		specification of system, stability margins	
	5.2	Bode plot: Magnitude and phase plot; Method of plotting Bode plot; Stability	
		margins on the Bode plots; Stability analysis using Bode plot.	
	5.3	Nyquist Criterion: Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterions; Nyquist plot; Gain	
		and phase margins.	
6.0		Optimal and Adaptive Control Systems	<mark>80</mark>
	6.1	Optimal control: Performance measure for optimal control problems, the	
		principle of optimality, concept of dynamic programming, fundamental of a	
		single Function, Functions involving several independent Functions,	
		constrained minimization of Functions	
	6.2	Adaptive Control Systems: Model reference adaptive control approach for	
		controller design, Neuro-Fuzzy adaptive control (only concept)	
		Total	<mark>52</mark>

#### Text books:

- 1. Nagrath, M.Gopal, "Control System Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. K.Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering, Pearson Education", III<sup>rd</sup> edition.
- 3. Benjamin C.Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems, Eearson education", VII<sup>th</sup> edition.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Madam Gopal, Control Systems Principles and Design, Tata McGraw hill, 7th edition.1997.
- 2. Normon, Control System Engineering, John Wiley & sons, 3rd edition.
- 3. Curtis Johnson, Process Control Instrumentation Technology, Pearson education fourth edition.
- 4. Dhanesh N. Manik, "Control Systems", Cengage Learning, 1st edition, 2012.
- 5. Sastry S. S., "Adaptive Control", PHI.

# Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered as final IA marks

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teach	ning Schem	e (Hrs)	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW	Tutorial	Total	
ETL 401	Analog Electronics II Laboratory		02			01		01	

Subject	Subject				Examina	tion Sch	eme		
Code	Name		-		Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
			Work	And Oral					
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Sem. Exam				
ETL 401	Analog Electronics II Laboratory					25	25		50

## Term Work:

At least **10** experiments covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades converted into marks as per **Credit and Grading** System manual should be added and averaged. Based on this final term work grading and term work assessment should be done.

The Practical and Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teach	ning Schem	e (Hrs)	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETL402	Microprocessors and Peripherals Laboratory		02			01		1	

Subject	Subject								
Code	Name			Theory Marks	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Int	Internal assessment End Sem.				and		
	Test Test Avg. Of Test Exam 1 2 1 and Test 2		Exam		Oral				
ETL402	Microproces sors and Peripherals Laboratory				1	25	25		50

## Term Work:

At least **10** experiments covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per 'credit and grading' System manual and should be added and averaged. Based on the above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

The Practical and Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teach	ning Schem	e (Hrs)	Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETL 403	Software		02			01		01
	Simulation							
	Laboratory							

Subject	Subject Name	Examination Scheme									
Code		Theory Marks				Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Internal assessment			End Sem.	Work	And Oral				
		Test	Test	Avg. Of	Exam						
		1	2	Test 1 and							
				Test 2							
ETL	Software					25	25	-	50		
403	Simulation										
	Laboratory										

# **Objectives**

Students will demonstrate

- an ability to design a system and process as per needs/specifications.
- an ability to visualize and work on laboratory and multi disciplinary task.
- skills to use modern Engineering tools, software's and equipments to analyze problems.

# **Term Work:**

At least 10 simulation based experiments from Analog Electronics, Digital Electronics, Circuits and Transmission, Microprocessor, Signals and Systems and Wave Theory and Propagation should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. The experiments should be students centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades converted into marks as per Credit and Grading System manual should be added and averaged. Based on this final term work grading and term work assessment should be done. It is advisable to use required application software for simulation based experiments. Use of open source software should be encouraged.

Practical and oral examination will be based on simulation experiments.